# Artificial Intelligence And Genealogy

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# How is AI Used In Genealogy Today?

- Optical character recognition (OCR)
- DNA analysis
- Translating languages
- Search optimization
- Newspaper article extraction
  - Obituaries
  - marriage announcements

# How is AI Used In Genealogy Today?

- Colorize photos
- Hint generation
- Suggested parents
- Find common ancestor of DNA matches
- Deep Nostalgia (animates faces)
- GenSmarts

# What is Artificial Intelligence?

- Computer emulation of human behaviors
- Threshold of true AI rises over time

# Turing's test

- 1950, Alan Turing
- A computer can "think" if it can carry on a conversation indistinguishable from a conversation with a human.
- Siri and Alexa can't think

### Levels of Al

- Artificial Narrow Intelligence (ANI)
  - Focuses on one narrow task
  - Emulated one behavior of a human
- Artificial General Intelligence (AGI)
  - Ability to <u>understand</u>
  - Can learn any task that a human can do

#### Al In Chess

- 1997 Deep Blue defeated Garry Kasparov
- Created by IBM
- Deep Blue looked ahead more moves
- No new strategies resulted
- Today, some don't consider this Al

#### Al In Go

- 2017 AlphaGo beat Ke Jie
- Created by DeepMind (now owned by Google)
- AlphaGo's strategies are still studied today
- Later versions: AlphaZero and MuZero
- MuZero is also the world's best at chess and other games

#### How Does MuZero Learn?

- Figures out the rules
- Figures out what wining means
- Figures out strategies to win

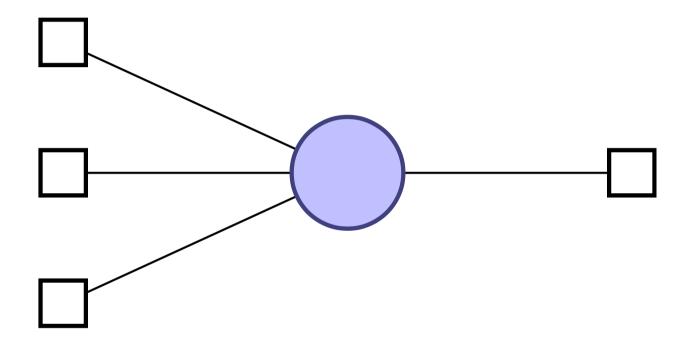
## What Happened In Those 20 Years?

- Chess in 1997
- Go in 2017
- Deep Blue: Procedural programming
- AlphaGo: Neural Network

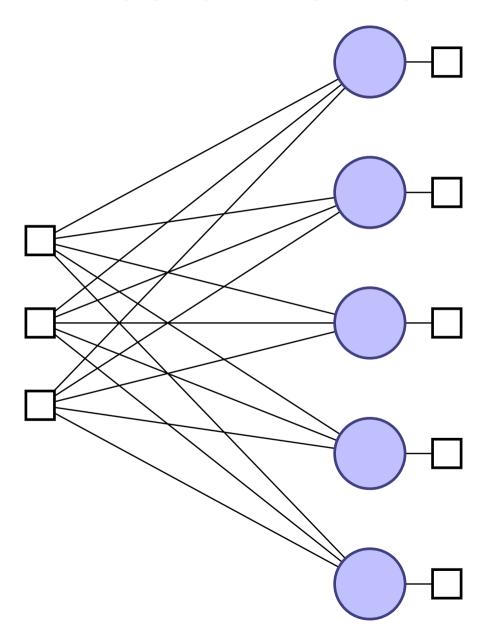
#### Neural Network

 A computer program that simulates a group of neurons

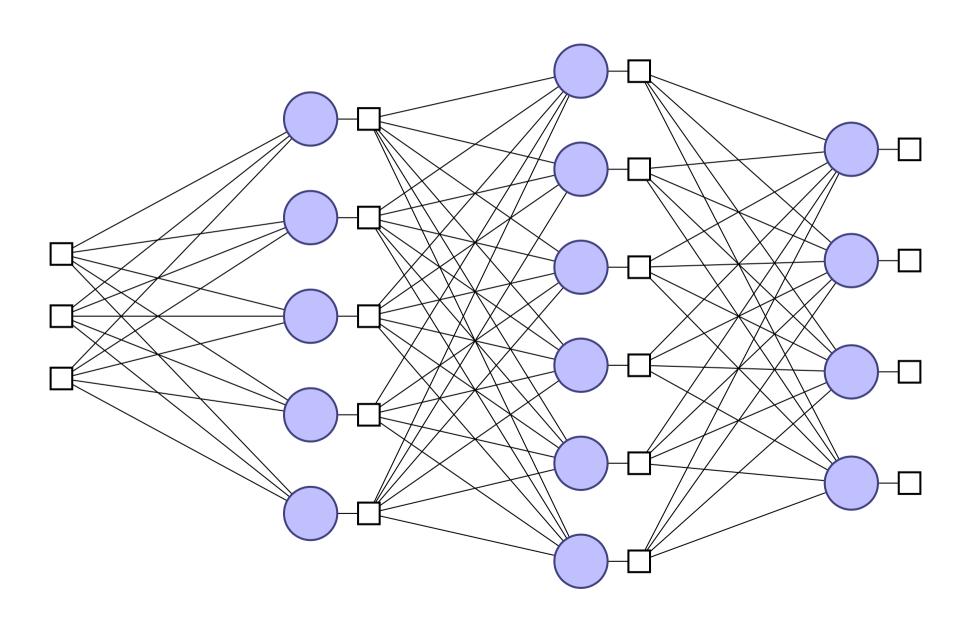
## A Neuron



### A Neural Network



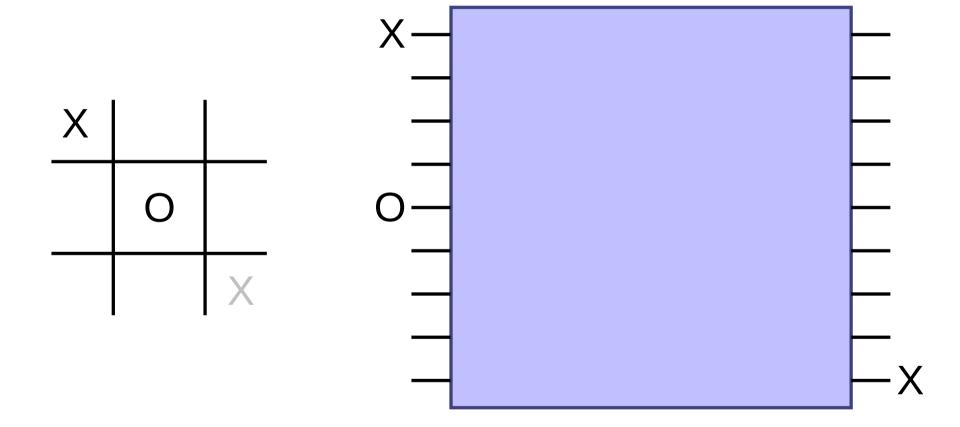
# Deep Learning Neural Network



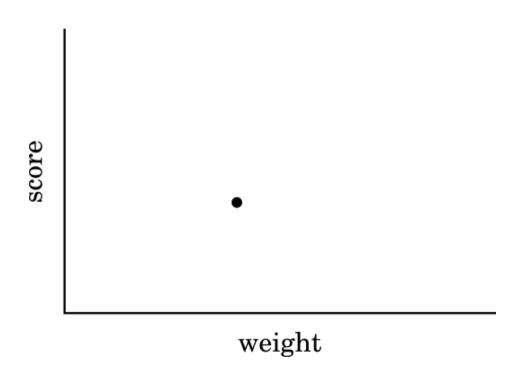
## How Many Neurons In A Brain?

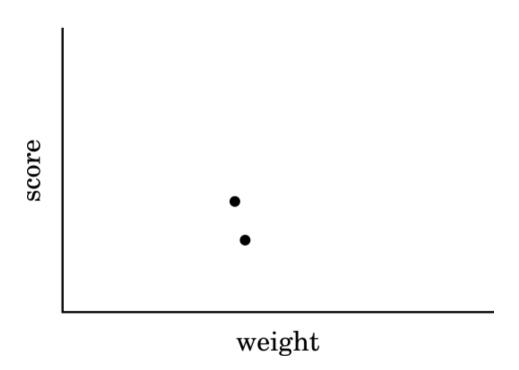
- Elephant: 250 billion
- Human: 85 billion
- Gorilla: 35 billion
- Raven: 2 billion
- Dog: 2 billion
- Rat: 200 million
- Cockroach: 1 million

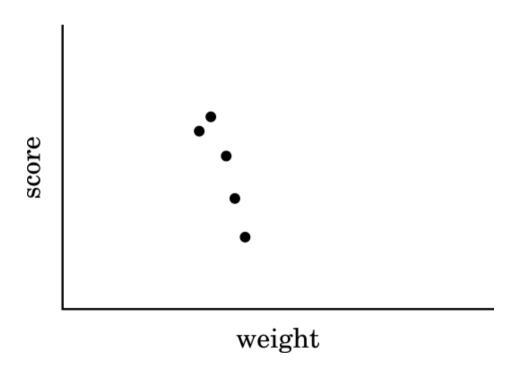
## Tic-Tac-Toe

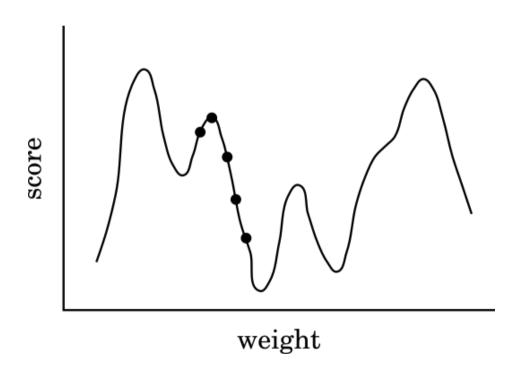


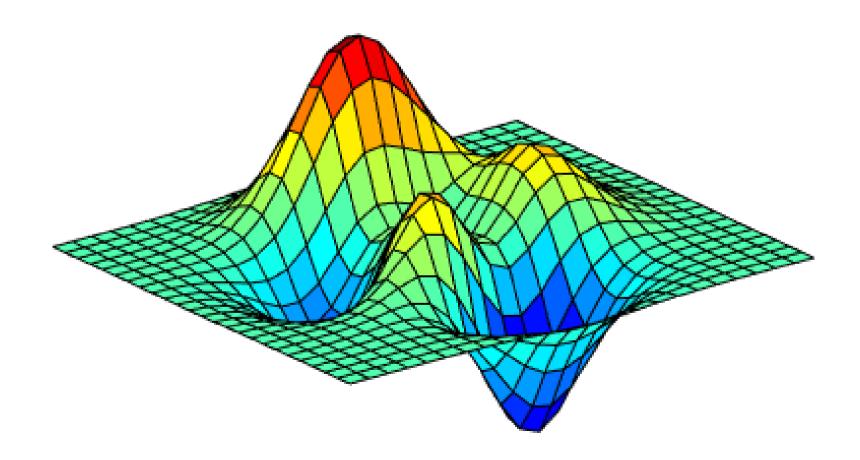
- Randomly assign weighting factors
- Play many games
- Calculate a score based on wins and losses
- Make small adjustments to weighting factors
- Play more games
- If the score goes up, repeat
- If the score goes down, try different adjustments



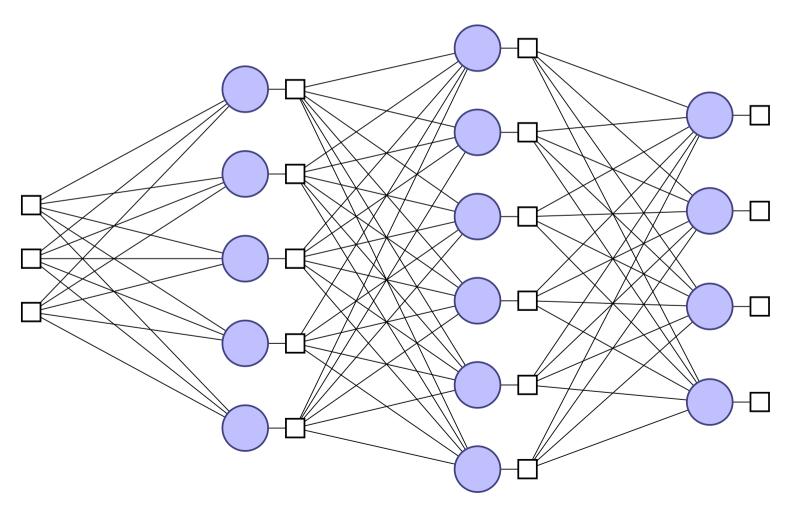








•  $(3 \times 5) + (5 \times 6) + (6 \times 4) = 69$  weighting factors



- Massive compute power to train
- Far less to use, once trained
  - May need super computer to train
  - Can run on your laptop
- GPUs (Graphic Processing Units)
  - Fueled by video gaming and bitcoin

## Types of Neural Networks

- Artificial Neural Network (ANN)
  - The previous examples
- Recurrent Neural Network (RNN)
  - Back propagation (memory)
- Convolutional Neural Network (CNN)
  - More complex linkage

## Why Do Neural Networks Work?

- We don't know!
- There are many theories

#### Al In the Near Future

- Handwriting recognition
  - Archaic, hard to read handwriting
  - Fuzzy images
- "Scan" a document with a simple camera
  - No need to place on the flat glass
  - Reconstruct torn and crumbled documents
- Automatically Label people in old photos

#### Al In the Near Future

- Construct a 3-D face from multiple photos
- Find inconsistencies in your family tree
- Verify your tree with DNA
- Suggest searches to extend your tree
- Find insufficiently documented parts of trees

#### Al In the More Distant Future

- Find newspaper articles about ancestors
  - Your grandmother attended a birthday party
  - Your cousin visited another relative
- Build lists of an ancestor's friends, neighbors and associates
- Automatically build your tree
  - Find sources automatically
  - Use DNA to verify and adjust